





"An Emerging Namibian Developer"

Africa Down Under conference

31st August 2011

Greg Cochran – Managing Director

ASX Code: DYL www.deepyellow.com.au



Forward Looking Statements

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Overview & Vision

- Corporate Profile
- Project Locations
 - Australia
 - Namibia
- Namibian Project Portfolio
- Flagship Projects
 - Omahola
 - Shiyela Iron
- **Summary and Conclusion**





Commence uranium production in Namibia by 2014/5 and continue to successfully grow our uranium resource base through discovery, delineation and M&A



Corporate Profile



The Board

Mervyn Greene – Chairman

Greg Cochran – Managing Director

Martin Kavanagh – Executive Director

Gillian Swaby – N.E.D

Rudolf Brunovs - N.E.D (independent)

Mark Pitts – Company Secretary

Executives & Management

Greg Cochran – Managing Director

Martin Kavanagh – Executive Director

Leon Pretorius – MD: Namibia

Ursula Pretorius – Financial Controller

Klaus Frielingsdorf – GM: Technical

Werner Messidat – GM: Projects

Capital Structure – as at 30 Aug 2011

Shares on Issue	1,128.51 M
Unlisted Options/Perf. Rights	12.68 M
Market Cap (@ 15c)	169 M
Net Cash	~11.0 M
Major shareholders:	
Paladin Energy	19.94%
Board & Management	15.79%

Trading History - Bloomberg



Australia - Queensland



Almost 1,700 km² exploration area: 4.8 Mlbs in resources



Australia – Northern Territory



Over 23,000 km² exploration area: 7.4 Mlbs in resources



Namibian Tenements





4,195 km² exploration area: 93.3Mlbs in resources



Note: Exploration in Namibia is conducted by DYL's wholly-owned subsidiary Reptile Uranium Namibia (RUN)

Namibian Project Portfolio



OMAHOLA PROJECT

ONGOLO ALASKITE	INCA URANIFEROUS MAGNETITE	TUBAS RED SAND (TRS)
JORC resource: 6.2Mlbs	JORC resource: 13.4Mlbs	JORC resource: 4.9Mlbs
Primary mineralisation	Primary mineralisation	Secondary mineralisation
Open Pit Hardrock – Drill & blast	Open Pit Hardrock – Drill & blast	Free dig/physical beneficiation
Acid plant treatment	Acid plant treatment	Acid or alkali plant treatment
Cut-off/Grade: 275ppm/407ppm	Cut-off/Grade: 250ppm/405ppm	Cut-off/Grade: 100ppm/160ppm

Three deposits feeding a central plant

ADVANCED ADVANCED Se Ca EXPLORATION

IALALOUNANNLL
JORC Resource: 50.8Mlbs
Secondary mineralisation
Calcrete & sand hosted
Free dig &/or drill & blast
Alkali plant treatment

Grade: 250ppm

AUSSINANIS Project			
RC Resource: 18.0Mlbs			
condary mineralisation			

Sheetwash deposit

JO

Sec

Free dig &/or drill & blast

Alkali plant treatment

Cut-off/Grade: 150ppm/237ppm

SHIYELA IRON Project Mineralisation: Magnetite + Open Pit Hardrock – Drill & blast Drilling complete Resource work underway Target: 150Mt, Recovery > 20% Scoping Study 2011

A multi-project company

Omahola Project - Location





Omahola Project - Overview



- Three Deposits feeding common plant:
 - Ongolo High-grade alaskite hosted uranium mineralisation
 - INCA Unique high grade uranium, magnetite and pyrite mineralisation
 - Tubas Red Sand Low grade surficial sands upgradeable by physical beneficiation
- Interim PFS Results (SNC-Lavalin)
 - 2.2Mlbspa operation
 - Minimum 12 year mine life
 - Open pit / Surface Mining
 - Conventional acid based processing plant
 - Capex: ~US\$330M including 10% contingency
 - Opex: ~US\$26/lb

Omahola Project – Exploration Success





Omahola's Resource Base can grow rapidly

Omahola Project – Timeline





Multiple Development Options

TRS – Location







Tubas Red Sand Deposit:

- Well-sorted wind-blown sand, low grade uranium
- Free flowing/loosely consolidated
- Large area south of the Tubas palaeochannel
- Bulk of uranium in -20μm fraction
- Basic concept physical beneficiation:
- Concentrate maximum uranium in minimum volume

TRS – Successful Pilot Plant Test



Schauenburg Pilot Plant:

Pilot Plant Schematic

- Simple, non-chemical process
- Recovery >80% in <20% volume</p>
- Carbonate reduction >80%
- Mass pull between 12% ~ 20%
- Uranium upgrade factor 6.9 (at 12%)
- Process guarantee offered
- Potential to grow resource base
- Applicable to other RUN sand deposits?



TRS – A Standalone Project?

Shiyela Iron Project - Location





Clear Infrastructure advantage – power and 45 kilometres by road from deep water port of Walvis Bay

Shiyela Iron Project - Overview

- Infrastructure
- Low strip ratio
- Likely Low Capex
- Fast Track development
- Exploration upside
- 3 Ore types
- Outstanding product quality



	Fe	SiO ₂	Al2O3	Р	S	LOI
Hematite	69.50	0.80	0.71	0.008	0.008	-1.27
Fine	69.70	1.66	0.99	0.005	0.073	-3.23
Coarse	70.70	0.61	0.97	0.003	0.004	-3.12

Shiyela has clear competitive advantages



Shiyela Iron Project - Status

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- Initial programme designed to drill out:
 - 120 to 150Mt of ore at 20% recovery
 - ~30Mt high-grade magnetite
 - ~15 year mine life at 2Mtpa
- Drilling extended to April 2011, now completed
- Golder Associates (Perth) for JORC estimate
- ProMet (Perth) for Scoping Study
- Discussions underway:
 - Namport & Grindrod
 - NamWater
 - NamPower



Shiyela Iron Project – Timeline





On a Fast Track

Summary and Conclusion



- 🕸 Ongolo JORC Resource delivered 🗸
- New high grade uranium deposits discovered
- Successful TRS Beneficiation Trial
- Omahola EIA & EMP underway
- 🕸 Shiyela EIA & EMP underway 🗸
- TRS Deposit re-evaluation
- Shiyela resource and scoping study
- Omahola PFS

A multi-project company advancing its flagship projects towards development



Greg Cochran Managing Director

Deep Yellow Limited Level 1, 329 Hay Street Subiaco, Western Australia 6008 T +61 8 9286 6999 M +61 409 938-784 F +61 8 9286 6969 Email: greg.cochran@deepyellow.com.au

Email: info@deepyellow.com.au Website: www.deepyellow.com.au





Appendices

JORC Resource Summary – July 2011



Deposit	Category	Cut-off (ppm U3O8)	Tonnes (M)	U₃Oଃ (ppm)	U3O8 (t)	U3O8 (MIb)		
REPTILE URANIUM NA	REPTILE URANIUM NAMIBIA (NAMIBIA)							
Omahola Project								
INCA +	Indicated	250	9.4	385	3,628	8.0		
INCA +	Inferred	250	5.5	445	2,449	5.4		
Ongolo	Indicated	275	4.7	410	1,920	4.24		
Ongolo	Inferred	275	2.2	400	890	1.97		
Tubas Red Sand +	Measured/Indicated	100	3.2	168	532	1.2		
Tubas Red Sand +	Inferred	100	10.7	158	1,685	3.7		
Omahola Project Total			35.7	311	11,104	24.51		
Tubas-Tumas Palaeoc	hannel Project							
Tumas 🔶	Indicated	200	14.4	366	5,270	11.6		
Tumas 🔶	Inferred	200	0.4	360	144	0.3		
Tubas	Inferred	100	77.3	228	17,620	38.9		
Tubas-Tumas Project	Fotal		92.1	250	23,034	50.8		
Aussinanis Project								
Aussinanis 🔶	Indicated	150	5.6	222	1,243	2.7		
Aussinanis 🔶	Inferred	150	29	240	6,960	15.3		
Aussinanis Project Tot		34.6	237	8,203	18			
RUN TOTAL - NAMIBIA			162.4	261	42,341	93.31		
NAPPERBY PROJECT	(NT, AUSTRALIA)							
Napperby Inferred		200	9.3	359	3,351	7.4		
NAPPERBY TOTAL			9.3	359	3,351	7.4		
MOUNT ISA PROJECT	(QLD, AUSTRALIA)							
Mount Isa	Indicated	300	2.2	470	1,050	2.31		
Mount Isa	Inferred	300	2.5	450	1,120	2.48		
MOUNT ISA TOTAL		4.7	460	2,170	4.8			
TOTAL INDICATED RESOURCES			39.5	345	13,643	30.05		
TOTAL INFERRED RESOURCES			136.9	250	34,219	75.45		
TOTAL RESOURCES		176.4	271	47,862	105.5			

Notes: Figures have been rounded and totals may reflect small rounding errors. XRF chemical analysis unless annotated otherwise

• eU_3O_8 - equivalent uranium grade as determined by downhole gamma logging.

JORC Compliance Statements



The information in this report that relates to the Mineral Resource estimation for the Mount Isa Projects is based on work compiled by Mr Neil Inwood, a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Inwood is employed by Coffey Mining Pty Ltd and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking, to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Inwood consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results, Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves for the Mount Isa Projects is based on information compiled by Mr Martin Kavanagh a Fellow of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Kavanagh is a full-time employee of Deep Yellow Limited and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Kavanagh consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report that relates to the Mineral Resource estimation for the Napperby Project is based on information compiled by Mr Daniel Guibal who is a Fellow (CP) of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Mr Guibal is a full-time employee of SRK Consulting and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking, to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Guibal consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results for the Napperby Project is based on information compiled by Dr David Rawlings who is a Member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy. Dr Rawlings is a full-time employee of Toro Energy Limited and has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Dr Rawlings consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

Where eU308 is reported it relates to values attained from radiometrically logging boreholes with Auslog equipment using an A675 slimline gamma ray tool. All probes are calibrated either at the Pelindaba Calibration facility in South Africa or at the Adelaide Calibration facility in South Australia.

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Namibia – Land of Elephants





But size is not the only criteria!

Deep Yellow's Quality Criteria



Srade:

- ~300ppm U₃O₈ for palaeochannel and sheetwash calcretes
- ~400ppm U₃O₈ for hard rock open pit deposits (alaskites)
- ~1,000ppm U₃O₈ for potential underground deposits
- Minimum 18Mlbs U₃O₈ per deposit with upside (15 yr mine life)
- Minimum production profile ~2.2Mlbs per operation
- No refractory uranium minerals
- Resource inventory ~100Mlbs U₃O₈ enables offtake agreements
- Unlock the potential of low grade (160ppm) aeolian sand deposit by physical beneficiation

More attractive economics allows us to concentrate on smaller deposits with a real chance of success